RELEASE AT SCENE (RAS)

Indication

- EMS personnel and the patient or Designated Decision Maker (DDM) concur that the illness/ injury does not require immediate treatment/transport via emergency/911 services
 - All patients requesting medical attention will be offered treatment and/or transportation after a complete assessment, including a full set of vital signs
 - Mentally competent patients/DDMs have the right to accept or refuse any or all prehospital care and transportation as long as EMS personnel have explained the care and the patient/DDM understands by restating the nature and implications of such decisions
 - EMS personnel should advise the patient/DDM of alternative care and transport options which may include:
 - Private transport to a clinic, physician's office, or an Emergency Department
 - Telephone consultation with a physician
 - Have patient/DDM sign the RAS form
 - · If patient refuses to sign, document on PCR

TO PHYSICIAN CONSULT

 If there are any questions or concerns regarding the patient's disposition

SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS

 Consider early involvement of law enforcement if there is any threat to self, others or grave disability

CRITICAL INFORMATION

- Patients who may legally give consent or refuse medical treatment are as follows:
 - At least 18 years of age
 - A minor (<18 years) who is lawfully married/divorced, or on active duty with the armed forces
 - A minor who seeks prevention or treatment of pregnancy or sexual assault
 - A minor ≥12 years of age seeking treatment of rape, contagious diseases, alcohol or drug abuse
 - A self-sufficient minor, ≥15 years of age, caring for themselves
 - A legally emancipated minor
- DDM is an individual to whom the patient or a court has given legal authority to make medical decisions concerning the patient's healthcare (a parent or Durable Power of Attorney)
- An RAS may be obtained by telephone consent for patients who do not have a DDM physically present